

Hall B1 December 10th











IEEE Student Branch Zagreb

Unska 3, 10 000 Zagreb

sb.zagreb@ieee.org

10:30 - 10:50 Conference opening

- 10:55 11:35 "Power system of Krka Šibenik", Marko Delimar
- 11:40 12:25 "Methods for calculation of the shortest path in professional GPS car-navigation systems", Ivica Siladić
- 12:25 13:20 Pause
- 13:20 13:55 "Metro line No.1 in Budapest", Péter Kádár
- 14:00 14:45 "Storage and disposal of radioactive waste", Saša Medaković
- 14:50 15:35 "Power system protection Where are we today?", Meliha Selak
- **15:40 16:10** "Ancillary services in distribution network: Where are the opportunities?", Andrej Gubina
- 16:15 17:00 "Electromobility in Croatia", Dražen Crnković (Ducati Komponenti d.o.o.), Ivica Skorić i Domagoj Puzak (HEP d.d.)

Krka-Šibenik Electric Power System 1895

Marko Delimar Zagreb Energy Conference, 10 December 2015

Present day

800



liers.



Europe – 1895



Franz, Joseph I (1830-1916) Emperor of Austria, King of Hungary



- Franz Joseph I (German)
- I. Ferenc József (Hungarian)
- Franjo Josip I (Croatian)
- Francis Joseph I (English)
- ruled from 1848-1916
- his 68-year reign is the third-longest in the recorded history of Europe







Šibenik City Hall



1882 – New York

 Edison builds a first DC network – Electric lights in New York

1883 – 1890 in Croatia

- 10 DC power plants built
- 9 thermal, 1 hydro

 Rijeka (1885) – sixth theater in the world connected to a power grid (New York, London, Paris, Milan, Vienna, Rijeka)

War of Currents - 1880's

Thomas Edison

Nikola Tesla

AC

George Westinghouse

• DC



Ballon con Bhonnyrruchen. (tante niner: Bhoingerachte.)



Tesla's address to the AIEE

 At an AIEE meeting on May 16, 1888, Nikola Tesla delivered a lecture entitled A New System of Alternating Current Motors and Transformers, describing the equipment which allowed efficient generation and use of alternating currents...

1891 – Frankfurt Exhibition

- first long-distance AC transmission
- 175 km
 from Laufen
 to Frankfurt
- Marko Šupuk attended the exhibition



Tesla's address at Zagreb City Hall

 In May 1892 Nikola Tesla delivers a lecture in Zagreb City Hall trying to convince the City of Zagreb to start building an AC power plant



 at the same time the construction of the AC power system in Šibenik had already begun

Šibenik – the beginning

- Šupuk and Meichsner contact Ganz
- Ganz agrees to build an "experimental system" in Šibenik
- the system would consist of
 - hydro power plant
 - transformers
 - transmission line
 - distribution network
 - meters and other equipment

Preparation

- Ganz sends top experts to Sibenik (including Zipernowsky, Deri, Blathy, Zerial, Zorzenoni); however, the entire production remains under control of Meichsner and Šupuk
- Ettore Zorzenoni remained in Šibenik as chief technical officer of the power plant after it was built

Erdanschluß M6

- Karoly Zipernowsky transformers
- Miksa Deri circuit-breakers
- Otto Titusz Blathy watt-meter

Šupuk family and associates



Construction begins

 after months of detailed preparation the construction of Šibenik's first power plant begins in 1884 at the location called Jaruga

(Gegedin Tjekestar pt. **Opichinee** ₁₀1

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- building permit obtained
- a concession for placing power poles on the county land is obtained
- at approximately the same time G. Westinghouse begins building the Niagara Falls plant

Krka Power Plant Jaruga 1



Power plant

- Girard turbines (vertical) 320 HP
- Ganz 2-phase generators (horizontal) (Zipernowsky alternators, type A2) 315 1/min, 320 HP, 3000 V, 42 Hz
- manual water regulation
- manual voltage regulation
- simple protection: circuit breakers and over-voltage "horns"

Transmission lines

- 3000V, 11 km, 360 poles
- 35 and 50 mm² conductors
- bottle shaped, oil-filled glass insulators
- telephone line

Transformers

- 6× 3000/110 V (Zipernowsky)
- 5 transformers were located on roofs
- I in a stand-alone transforming station

Street lamps





Street lamps



Lamps – detail Ganz, (Jablockov type) – electric carbon arc lamps



28 August 1895

 Electric power delivered to Šibenik
 324 electric lamps illuminate Šibenik on the first night

 Niagara Falls power plant opened two days before Jaruga, supplying the nearby aluminum factory; power delivery to Buffalo begun one year later

1904 – Jaruga 1 and Jaruga 2



1903 – Jaruga 2

Ganz

- Francis turbine 3500 HP (later two)
- 2-phase generator 2625 kVA, 15000 V, 42 Hz (later 2×2625 = 5250 kVA)
- new 12 km line, 4×50 mm² Cu (2× 2-phase) to a large factory in Crnica (Šibenik), 360 poles
- transforming station 15000/6000/3000 V
 paralel operation with Jaruga 1

1906 – HPP Manojlovac (Miljacka)

- third HPP in Šibenik
- first on a 3-phase system
- 4 horizontal Francis turbines (6000 HP)
- 4×5200 kVA, 30000 V, 42 Hz
- 35 km 30 kV line, 2×3×62 mm² Cu

 Jaruga 1 and Jaruga 2 reconstructed for 3phase systems, all plants interconnected into a single power system

Šupuk family legacy

- Marko Šupuk died in 1903
 Ante Šupuk died in 1904 (Mayor for 28 consecutive years)
- Šupuk and Meichsner built a city water supply, brought railway to Šibenik, built a County Courthouse, a High school, pavilion type hospital (first and biggest in Austria-Hungary)

1914 – Jaruga 1 disassembled

- Austrian army takes over all three power plants in Šibenik
- they close down Jaruga 1, move all usable parts to Jaruga 2, and use 15 tons of copper for bullets
- Jaruga 1 was never reconstructed
- Jaruga 2 is still in operation

International associations

- Šupuk&Son Electric Company was one of the six founders of EURELECTRIC (1925)
- Šupuk&Son Electric Company was also involved with the foundation of Cigre (1921)

Time-scale 1884 First long-range transmission 1891 demonstrated 1893 1896 First 3-phase 1892 1914 in Torino 1885 1882 system Tivoli-Rome Westinghouse's Niagara Falls The Great War delivers power Edison's Pearl AC transformer Lauffensystem in system (World War I) Street station (DC) invented Frankfurt operation in Chicago to Buffalo 1884 1895 1906 1903 1912 Krka-Šibenik Manojlovac-Sibenik Initial electrification Jaruga 2 Kraljevac-Dugi Rat (Krka-Šibenik) and first DC (Jaruga 1) in operation in operation power plants system in operation in operation in Croatia